

## 五年高考练

### 完形填空

主题语境：人与自然——人与动植物 语篇类型：记叙文 建议用时：20

(2019 江苏,★★)

Wildlife has been greatly threatened in the modern age. There are species(物种) that are 1 every day. The white-naped crane is a typical example. So scientists are trying their best to 2 the species from going out of existence.

Chris and Tim work at a zoo, helping endangered cranes with their 3. Emma, a female crane, has been in their 4 since she arrived in 2004.

Born at an international crane foundation, Emma was 5 by human caretakers. This led to an unexpected 6, though she had a wonderful time there. Emma had 7 taken herself as a crane and become deeply attached to humans. She 8 to live with male cranes, and even had a 9 for killing some of them, which made it 10 for her to become a mother.

11, the two zookeepers didn't want to see the extinction(灭绝) of this precious species. With their patience and efforts, they successfully developed a 12 of artificial breeding(人工繁殖)and natural reproduction. This 13 Emma to give birth to five baby cranes.

The two keepers are proud of their productive work. But before they can be 14, more efforts must be made, because the population of the crane in the wild is on the 15, and many other species appear headed toward extinction. 16, not everyone has realized that wildlife has thoughts, feelings, and most importantly, equal rights to survive.

How can we 17 the ever-widening gap that separates us from other animals? Chris and Tim offered us the 18: human beings took it for granted that their 19 held all the solutions, but maybe their hearts can be a better 20.

#### 词汇积累

1. threaten *v.* 威胁; 危及

2. typical *adj.* 典型的; 有代表性的

3. endangered *adj.* 濒临灭绝的

4. take it for granted that... 认为……是理所当然的

1. A. growing B. migrating

C. competing D. disappearing

2. A. ban B. save C. split D. remove

3. A. abortion B. recreation

C. reproduction D. administration

4.A.care B.eye C.mindD.story

5.A.found B.chosen

C.raised D.seized

6.A.bonus B.consequence

C.victory D.sacrifice

7.A.never B.always

C.unluckily D.cheerfully

8.A.liked B.refused

C.decided D.hesitated

9.A.gift B.skill

C.concern D.reputation

10.A.illegal B.inspiring

C.important D.impossible

11.A.Therefore B.Moreover

C.However D.Instead

12.A.combination B.collection

C.strategy D.system

13.A.forced B.forbade C.taught D.enabled

14.A.defeated B.grateful

C.assured D.tolerant

15.A.list B.rise C.agenda D.decline

16.A.In contrast B.After all

C.By the way D.On the contrary

17.A.leave B.bridge C.open D.identify

18.A.course B.excuse C.answer D.reward

19.A.brains B.behaviors

C.services D.projects

20.A.guide B.treat

C.example D.companion

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◎语篇解读 本文是一篇记叙文。主题语境为人与自然,主题语境内容为人与动植物。很多野生动植物正在走向灭绝,为了保护这些珍贵动植物,科学家们在努力探索。本文记叙了科学家是如何保护和帮助白枕鹤繁殖的,旨在培养学生的思维品质。

1.D 考查动词。句意:每天都有物种在消失(disappearing)。A:生长;成长。B:迁徙;迁移。C:竞争;竞赛。

2.B 考查动词。句意:因此,科学家们正在尽最大努力拯救(save)这些物种使其免于灭绝。A:禁止。C:使分裂。D:移开。

3.C 考查名词。句意:克里斯和蒂姆在一家动物园工作,帮助濒危的鹤进行繁殖(reproduction)。A:人工流产。B:娱乐;消遣。D:行政;管理。

4.A 考查名词。句意:一只叫埃玛的雌性鹤从 2004 年到这里以来就一直在他俩的照料(care)之下。

5.C 考查动词。句意:埃玛出生在一个国际鹤类基地,她是被人类护理人员抚养长大的(raised)。A:发现;找到。B:选择。D:抓住。

6.B 考查名词。这带来了意想不到的后果(consequence)。这里指后文描述的她无法正常繁殖后代这个后果。A:奖金。C:胜利。D:牺牲。

7.A 考查副词。埃玛从来没(never)把自己当成一只鹤。B:总是;一直。C:不幸地。D:高高兴兴地。

8.B 考查动词。她拒绝(refused)和雄性鹤生活在一起。A:喜欢。C:决定。D:犹豫;迟疑。

9.D 考查名词。她甚至因为杀死了其中一些雄性鹤而获得了名声(reputation)。A:礼物;天赋。B:技能;技巧。C:担心。

10.D 考查形容词。这就使得她不可能(impossible)成为母亲。A:非法的。B:鼓舞人心的。C:重要的;重大的。

11.C 考查副词。句意:然而(However),这两个动物园管理员不愿看到这个珍贵物种的灭绝。上下文在意思是转折关系。A:因此;所以。B:此外;而且。D:反而;代替。

12.A 考查名词。他们成功地把人工繁殖和自然繁殖结合(combination)了起来。B:搜集;聚集。C:策略。D:系统;体系。

13.D 考查动词。句意:这使得(enabled)埃玛生下了5只小鹤。enable sb. to do sth.使某人能够做某事。A:强迫;迫使。B:阻止;禁止。C:教。

14.C 考查形容词。但是在他们有把握(assured)之前,必须做出更多的努力。A:沮丧的。B:感激的。D:容忍的;宽容的。

15.D 考查名词。野生鹤的数量正在下降。on the decline 在下降;在衰退。A:名单。B:上升;增加。C:议程;日程表。

16.B 考查固定短语。毕竟(After all),不是每一个人都意识到野生动物也有想法、情感。A:比较起来。C:顺便说一下;顺便问问。D:恰好相反。

17.B 考查动词。我们如何能消除不断扩大的隔阂呢?bridge 在此处用作动词,意为:消除;弥合,bridge the gap 消除隔阂;弥合差异。A:离开。C:打开。D:确定;鉴定。

18.C 考查名词。克里斯和蒂姆给了我们答案(answer)。A:课程。B:借口;理由。D:报酬。

19.A 考查名词。人类想当然地认为他们的大脑(brains)里有所有的解决办法。B:行为;举止。C:服务。D:工程;项目。

20.A 考查名词。但是,或许人类的心是一个更好的向导(guide),指引人类找到解决办法。B:招待。C:例子;榜样。D:同伴。

#### 长难句分析

原句 But before they can be assured, more efforts must be made, because the population of the crane in the wild is on the decline, and many other species appear headed toward extinction.

分析 句子主干是 more efforts must be made。before 引导时间状语从句。because 引导原因状语从句。

句意 但在他们有把握之前,必须做出更多的努力,因为野生鹤的数量正在下降,而且许多其他物种似乎也在走向灭绝。