# **UNIT 3 THE INTERNET**

Part 1 Listening and Speaking & Reading and Thinking

基础过关练

I.单词拼写

1.One of my friends told me a story while we\_\_\_\_(聊天) online.

2.Pay attention to protecting personal privacy when surfing the Internet,

and don't expose your\_\_\_\_(身份) to strangers.

3.The concert will raise money for several local\_\_\_\_(慈善机构).

4.In short, the tourism is facing\_\_\_\_(艰难的) challenges and it has to turn those challenges into opportunities.

5.Online \_\_\_\_(会议) have become the most important means of communication in the face of the epidemic.

6.Our president joined Beijing\_\_\_\_(居民) in a voluntary tree-planting activity in the Chinese capital's Chaoyang district.

II.选词填空

look up;out of work;keep sb. company;go through

1.Tomb-sweeping Day dates back thousands of years and has \_\_\_\_\_

many changes.

2.He was\_\_\_\_\_\_when the factory closed, but after mastering the knowledge of the Internet, he found a new job.

3.During the Spring Festival in 2020, many people went to the front line

to fight against the epidemic without \_\_\_\_\_\_their families\_\_\_\_\_.

4.Many people have to\_\_\_\_\_\_the meaning of the word in the dictionary.

III.单句语法填空

1.He said his car had got\_\_\_\_\_(stick) in the snow, which made his parents worried.

2.In a sense, using computers has a \_\_\_\_\_(benefit) effect on children's learning.

3. The time we spent together is now a \_\_\_\_\_(distance) memory.

4.\_\_\_\_\_ by the sudden \_\_\_\_\_, the Senior Three student

immediately solved the math problem.(inspire)

5. China is a country under the rule of law and the legal aid system has

been\_\_\_\_(access) to more people.

IV.完成句子

1.上网的时候,我们发现学校的数据库定期更新。

When surfing the Internet, we find the school's\_\_\_\_\_

regularly.

2.由于我们彼此有了进一步的了解,我们相处得很好。

\_\_\_\_\_\_we know each other further, we get along well.

3.无论我们在哪里,医疗工作者的精神都激励我们去努力工作。

The spirit of the medical workers inspires

us \_\_\_\_\_.

4.让日常生活更便利是这个软件的一个主要功能。

\_\_\_\_\_is a major function of this

software.

### V.课文语法填空

The Internet brings more  $\_1\_($ convenient) to people's lives. Jan, an English teacher, suddenly came down with a serious illness and had to give  $\_2\_$ her job. Later, she made a discovery that  $\_3\_($ surf) the Internet could help her feel less lonely and bored. She got to know that one of the greatest benefits of the Internet was that there  $\_4\_($ be) no longer a distance between people.  $\_5\_($ inspire) by Internet users, she decided to set up an IT club to teach the elderly how  $\_6\_($ use) computers and the Internet. She has started taking online classes to learn more about how to use the Internet to make society  $\_7\_($ good). She thinks  $\_8\_$  is highly important for everyone to have access  $\_9\_$  the Internet and know how to use new technology. Besides, her next goal is to set up  $\_10\_$ charity website to raise money for children in poor countries.

 1.\_\_\_\_\_ 2.\_\_\_\_ 3.\_\_\_\_ 4.\_\_\_\_ 5.\_\_\_\_

 6.\_\_\_\_\_ 7.\_\_\_\_ 8.\_\_\_\_ 9.\_\_\_\_ 10.\_\_\_\_

 能力提升练

I.阅读理解

主题语境:人与社会——网站介绍 语篇类型:应用文 建议用时:6

## (2020北京丰台区高一下学期期末,长)

#### **EcoCentral**

This website is all about looking after the Earth. There are facts about different animals, as well as information about forests, deserts and oceans. You can upload your own videos onto the site for everyone to see.

#### <u>TeenPress</u>

This is one of the best sites on the Web for teenagers who love writing. You can share your work with others, and there are message boards where you can chat about things that are important to you.

#### ChannelTwenty

On this site you can watch a daily news program and search for information about big news stories. There are also videos on different subjects, and articles about famous bands, games and competitions. Inside-the-cover

Finding out about your favorite writers is easy on this site. There are lots of interesting articles and information about the latest books. You can read blogs by well-known writers and post questions to them. And you are likely to get replies from them.

#### <u>Tune-in</u>

There are millions of songs on this website for you to download or listen to online. You can save your favorite songs in your own list. If you're in a band, you can record your music and upload it. The website is large, but the menus are easy to use.

## <u>ScienceZone</u>

There's lots of information on this site about maths, chemistry and biology. You can visit some of the world's most famous museums, or watch wildlife via webcams. There are also some very cool games, such as *Save the Planet*.

1.TeenPress is a website for teenagers who \_\_\_\_\_.

A.enjoy writing

B.care about the Earth

C.like watching news

D.are interested in music

2.On Tune-in, you can \_\_\_\_\_.

A.take writing classes

B.listen to songs

C.learn about the latest books

D.watch news programs

3.If you like visiting online museums, which website is best for you?

A.EcoCentral.

B.ChannelTwenty.

C.Tune-in.

D.ScienceZone.

4. Why does the author write the passage?

- A.To introduce websites to teenagers.
- B.To teach teenagers to design websites.
- C.To encourage teenagers to create websites.
- D.To compare different websites for teenagers.



(2021 湖北鄂州部分高中联考协作体高一上期中,\*\*)

In 2019, Tan Zhouhai was a villager in Hunan Province, shooting short videos of his everyday life and uploading(上传) them onto the Internet to attract potential customers for farm products.

Tan was used to his videos receiving a few dozen, sometimes a few hundred, likes from his audience on Chinese social media such as Douyin. That changed when he uploaded a video of his 83-year-old grandfather who was dancing to a popular song called *Little Apple* and gained 10,000 likes.

Inspired by <u>this unexpected success</u>, Tan asked his grandfather to perform often so that we could see the 30-year-old cooking for the elderly man, who has lost all his teeth, wearing a pair of round sunglasses for added comic effect. The account now has 1.6 million fans and has received at least 3 million likes. "Before my grandfather joined me, my account was just an ordinary one about food and was unnoticed on the Internet," Tan told the *South China Morning Post*. "After my grandfather joined, many of my fans said they were touched. They said they liked my grandfather and thought he was so cute."

The country's top two short video apps are Douyin and Kuaishou, each of which has more than 400 million monthly active users. More than 70 percent are younger than 35. Tan's grandfather is just one of a number of elderly people.

Other online favourites include a 79-year-old woman known as Granny Wang Who Only Wears High-heeled Shoes and Yaoyang's Grandfather, an 80-year-old man who shares humorous stories of his everyday life in the dialect of northeastern China. They have 16 million and 13 million subscribers(订阅人) respectively.

Chen Duan, a data economy expert from Central University of Finance and Economics in Beijing, said developments in technology had made it easier for elderly people to use digital tools, leading to more of them becoming fans and bloggers of short videos.

"Not every old person can be popular on the Internet. It depends on their media sense, their feel in front of the camera and their acting skills," Chen said.

5. What firstly caused Tan Zhouhai to shoot videos and upload them onto the Internet?

A.To receive more likes.

B.To make his grandfather known.

C.To sell more native goods.

D.To introduce his village.

6. What does the underlined part "this unexpected success" refer to?

A.The videos of his rural life.

B.The likes from his grandfather's dancing.

C.The cooking for his grandfather.

D.The likes from his grandfather's appearance.

7. Which of the following is not true?

A.Every old man can become popular online.

B.Tan was not popular before his grandfather took part.

C.Most of active users in Douyin are young man.

D.Developments in technology changed old people's life.

8. What's the best title of the passage?

A.Elderly video stars in China

B.The young help the old become popular online

C.How to become popular on the Internet

D.Not every old person can be popular online

II.七选五

主题语境:人与社会——社会热点 语篇类型:说明文 建议用时:7

(2021山东高青高一上月考,长)

Avoid Internet Addiction

<u>1</u> Many people suffer from addiction to the Internet and have a hard time paying attention to the important things around them. How can we prevent ourselves from going online too much?

Admit you have an addiction. <u>2</u> Realize more and more people in the world are becoming addicted. You are not the only one with this problem. Do not be embarrassed; find others with the same problem and help each other beat it.

Limit your computer time. Make sure do not turn it on too many times a week.Before using your computer, decide on a time limit such as 30 minutes.Set the clock and make sure that you get off the computer when the time is up. 3

Try using the computer at the library. You won't be attracted by certain websites and it does have a limit on how long you can stay online. <u>4</u> So you won't be as attracted on the Internet as at home.

<u>5</u> Go for a run with a friend or get exercise one way or the other. Keep up with the local events in your neighborhood. There may be talks,films,concerts,sports events,etc. Find some,as long as they are not on the Internet,and get involved.

A.Get a hobby or an interest.

B.It is no use avoiding the truth.

C.Internet addiction affects a lot of people.

D.You will be happier if you use the Internet less.

E.Try to reduce the amount of time by 5 minutes each time.

F.Get your family to remind you if you've been online for a long time.

G.Also, it is a good place to get some good books and magazines to read.

1.\_\_\_\_\_ 2.\_\_\_\_ 3.\_\_\_\_ 4.\_\_\_\_ 5.\_\_\_\_

UNIT 3 THE INTERNET

Part 1 Listening and Speaking &

Reading and Thinking

基础过关练

I.1.chatted 2.identity 3.charities 4.tough 5.conferences 6.residents

II.1.gone through 2.out of work 3.keeping; company

4.look up

III.1.stuck 考查过去分词。句意:他说他的汽车陷在了雪地里,这让他的父母很担心。get stuck in 陷入……里。

2.beneficial 考查形容词。句意:从某种意义上来说,使用计算机对孩子们的学习产生有利的影响。修饰名词 effect,应用形容词,故填 beneficial。

3.distant 考查形容词。句意:我们一起度过的时光现已成为久远的记忆。修饰名词 memory,应用形容词,故填 distant。

4.Inspired;inspiration 考查过去分词和名词。句意:受到突发灵感的鼓舞,这位高三学生马上把这道数学难题解决了。逗号前的成分作状语, 第一空的逻辑主语是句子的主语,inspire 与句子主语之间是被动关系, 用过去分词形式;第二空受形容词 sudden 的修饰且作介词 by 的宾语, 用名词形式。

5.accessible 考查形容词。句意:中国是一个法治国家,并且法律援助制度已经让更多人接触到了。sth. be accessible to sb.某人可使用/可接近某物。

IV.1.database updated 2.Now that 3.to work hard wherever we are 4.Making daily lives more convenient

V.1.convenience 考查名词。此处作 brings 的宾语,故用名词形式,convenience 意为"方便;便利"时为不可数名词,故填 convenience。
2.up 考查固定搭配。此处指 Jan 得了重病,不得不放弃她的工作。give up 放弃,故填 up。

3.surfing 考查动名词。\_\_\_\_\_ the Internet 在从句中作主语,故用动词-ing 形式,故填 surfing。

4.was 考查时态和主谓一致。此处是 there be 句型,根据 a distance 可知谓语动词用单数形式,且这里讲的是过去的事情,故填 was。

5.Inspired 考查过去分词。inspire 与其逻辑主语 she 之间为被动关系, 故用过去分词作状语,故填 Inspired。

6.to use 考查不定式。此处是"疑问词+不定式"结构作 teach 的直接宾语,故填 to use。

7.better 考查形容词的比较级。此处表示"使社会更好",暗含了比较的意思,故用 good 的比较级,故填 better。

8.it 考查代词。设空处在从句中作形式主语,真正的主语是后面的不 定式短语,故填 it。

9.to 考查介词。此处考查固定搭配,have access to 意为"有使用/见 到……的机会",故填 to。

10.a 考查冠词。此处表示一个慈善网站,表泛指,且 charity 以辅音音素开头,故填 a。

### 能力提升练

I.A

◎语篇解读 本文是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了六个不同类型的网站,每个网站都针对不同的服务对象,提供不同类型的服务。

1.A 细节理解题。根据 TeenPress 网站的介绍 "This is one of the best sites on the Web for teenagers who love writing."可知,该网站是针对喜 欢写作的青少年的。故选 A。

2.B 细节理解题。根据 Tune-in 网站的介绍 "There are millions of songs on this website for you to download or listen to online."可知,你可 以在该网站上下载或在线听歌曲。故选 B。

3.D 细节理解题。根据 ScienceZone 网站的介绍"You can visit some of the world's most famous museums, or watch wildlife via webcams."可知,如果你喜欢参观世界上最著名的一些博物馆,可以浏览

ScienceZone 网站。故选 D。

4.A 推理判断题。通读全文可知,作者向青少年介绍了六家网站,以满 足青少年不同的需求。所以作者写这篇文章是为了向青少年介绍网站。 故选 A。D 项"比较不同的青少年网站"容易误选,但本文仅介绍各家网站提供的服务,没有提到比较的信息;B、C 两项与本文写作目的不符,本文没有介绍怎样创建和设计网站。

【高频词汇】 1.share...with...与 ······分享 ······ 2.competition *n*.竞赛; 比赛;竞争;角逐 3.be likely to do...可能做 ······

4.download v.下载 5.upload v.上传;上载 6.via prep.通过,凭借(某人、 系统等);经由,经过(某一地方)

#### 长难句分析

原句 You can share your work with others, and there are message boards where you can chat about things that are important to you.

分析 本句是一个并列复合句。并列连词 and 连接两个并列的分句。 第二个分句中,where 引导定语从句,修饰先行词 message boards,此从 句中 that 引导定语从句,修饰先行词 things。

句意 你可以和别人分享你的作品,并且有留言板,在那里你可以谈 论对你来说很重要的事情。

#### В

◎语篇解读 本文是一篇说明文。文章介绍谭周海将自己爷爷的视频 上传到网络,获得了网友的喜欢,进而提到网络上其他受欢迎的老年网 红,技术的发展使老年人更容易成为短视频的粉丝和博主。 5.C 细节理解题。由第一段中的"to attract potential customers for farm products"可知,谭周海一开始拍摄然后上传视频是为了吸引购买农产品的顾客。故选 C。

6.B 推理判断题。由画线部分所在句的上文"That changed...his 83-year-old grandfather...gained 10,000 likes."可知祖父跳舞的视频获 得了一万个赞,相比他之前的几十有时几百个赞来说是让人意想不到 的成功,故选 B。谭周海之前上传的都是他每天的乡村生活的视频,获 得的赞很少,A 项错误;为祖父做饭的想法是在获得这个意想不到的成 功后发生的,C 项错误;文章提到祖父的外貌也是在获得这个意想不到 的成功后产生的,谭周海对祖父的外貌加以利用以增加一些喜剧效 果,D 项错误。

7.A 细节理解题。根据最后一段中的"Not every old person can be popular on the Internet."可知,并不是每个老年人都能在互联网上受欢迎。A项与文章表述矛盾。故选A。

8.A 主旨大意题。结合文章可知,本文讲述了谭周海拍摄自己爷爷跳 舞的视频在网上赢得了网友的点赞,进而讲到同样在网上受到大量网 友的喜欢的两位老人,最后文章提到,技术的发展使得老年人使用数字 工具变得更容易了,这使得他们中更多的人成为短视频的粉丝和博主。 据此可知,文章讲的是老年网红。A 项"中国的老年视频明星"适合 作文章标题。故选 A。B 项"年轻人帮助老年人变得在网上受欢迎";C 项"如何在互联网上变得受欢迎";D 项"并不是每个老人都能在网 上红起来"。 【高频词汇】 1.potential *adj*.潜在的;可能的 *n*.潜能;可能性 2.unexpected *adj*.出乎意料的 3.ordinary *adj*.普通的;平常的;一般的 4.touched *adj*.受感动的 5.humorous *adj*.滑稽有趣的;有幽默感的 6.depend on 取决于;依靠;依赖

#### 长难句分析

原句 Inspired by this unexpected success, Tan asked his grandfather to perform often so that we could see the 30-year-old cooking for the elderly man, who has lost all his teeth, wearing a pair of round sunglasses for added comic effect.

分析 本句是一个主从复合句。过去分词短语 Inspired by...作原因 状语;so that 引导结果状语从句,关系代词 who 引导非限制性定语从 句,修饰先行词 the elderly man,并且该从句中的现在分词短语 wearing...作伴随状语。

句意 受此意外成功启发,谭周海请他爷爷经常表演,因此我们可以 看到这个 30 岁的年轻人为牙齿全掉光的老人做饭,这个老人戴着一 副圆形的太阳镜以增加喜剧效果。

Ⅱ.◎语篇解读 本文是一篇说明文。文章就如何避免网瘾提出了几 点建议。

1.C 根据后文可知,本段总括了很多人沉迷网络,很难关注周围的事情,结合下文具体讲述了怎么避免网瘾,故C项"网瘾影响着很多人" 起到总括作用。故选C。 2.B 根据上文"Admit you have an addiction."可知,承认自己有网瘾, 所以B项"回避真相是没有用的"承接上文,符合语境。故选B。

3.E 根据本段主题句"Limit your computer time."可知,本段主要介绍的是限制上网时间,因此 E 项"尽量每次减少 5 分钟的时间"符合语境。故选 E。

4.G 根据本段主题句"Try using the computer at the library."可知,本 段建议去图书馆上网,所以此处应该是介绍去图书馆的好处,G项"此 外,这是一个能够得到一些可以读的好书和杂志的好地方"符合语境,故选 G。

5.A 根据空后内容可知,本段建议通过寻找别的兴趣爱好来避免网瘾。所以 A 项"培养一个爱好或兴趣"能够概括本段内容,故选 A。

【高频词汇】 1.suffer from 受……苦;患……病 2.have a hard time doing sth.在做某事方面有困难 3.prevent...from doing sth.阻止……做 某事 4.admit v.承认(过错、罪行);招认;招供;(常指勉强)承认;准 许……进入(某处) 5.make sure 确保

6.decide on 决定 7.keep up with 熟悉,了解(消息、形势)等;跟上