



WUNIAN GAOKAO SANNIAN MONI

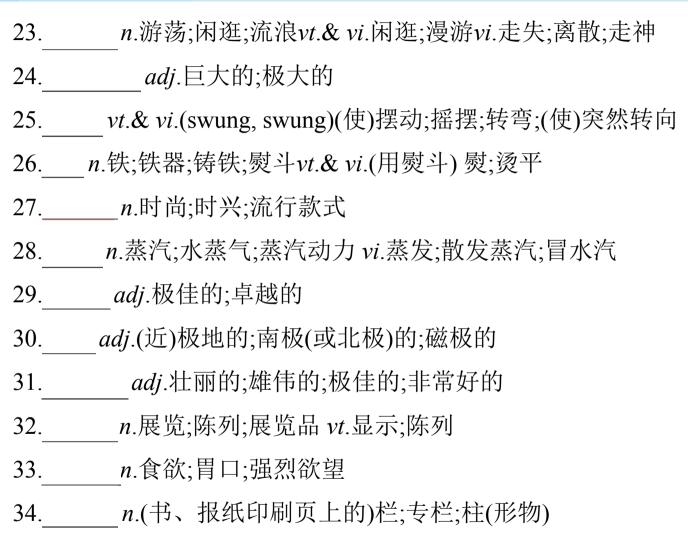
高中英语 选择性必修一人教版

UNIT 3 FASCINATING PARKS

ឱ知识▷清单破

I	.核心单词
A	.写作词汇—写词形
1.	vt.连续猛击;打来打去 n.自助餐
2.	n.边;边缘;边线;刀刃 vt.& vi.(使)徐徐移动;给·····加边
3.	adj.辽阔的;巨大的;庞大的
4.	vt.明令禁止;取缔 n.禁令
5.	$_{n.$ 边界;界限;分界线
6.	n.小屋;(尤指)村舍;小别墅
7.	vt.陪同;陪伴;伴随; (尤指用钢琴)为•••••伴奏
8.	adj.酸的;有酸味的
9.	vt.祝福

10	vi.打喷嚏 n.喷嚏;喷嚏声
11	vt.用标签标明;贴标签 n .标签;标记
12	n.奶油;乳脂;护肤霜 adj.奶油色的;淡黄色的
13	vi.延伸;延续 vi.& vt.伸展;舒展
14.	n.灌木
15	n.(自行车等的)脚蹬子;踏板vt.& vi.骑自行车;踩踏板
16	
17	n.路线;路途;途径
18	adv.向前;在前面;提前
19	adj.有特定主题的 n.主题;主题思想
20	adj.极好的;极大的;难以置信的
21	vi.有吸引力;呼吁;恳求;上诉 n.吸引力;呼吁;上诉;请求
22.	n.海盗;盗版者 vt.盗印;窃用





B.阅读词汇—明词义	
1.valley <i>n</i>	
2.glacier n	
3.reindeer <i>n</i>	
4.territory <i>n</i>	
5.teapot <i>n</i>	
6.leopard <i>n</i>	
7.lung <i>n</i>	
8.corridor <i>n</i>	
9.aquarium $n.(pl.$ aquariums or aquaria) _	
10.Sami	
11.Sarek National Park	_
12.Sweden	
13.the Arctic Circle	

14.Rapa River	
15.Siberian <i>adj</i> .	_n
16.Dollywood	
C.拓展词汇—灵活用	
1n.(一块)布;织物;布料→	n.衣服(总称) \rightarrow n.衣服;服装
2adj.看得见的;可见的-	→adj.看不见的;隐形的
3vt.采用;采取;采纳 vt.& v	$vi.$ 领养 \rightarrow adj.收养的,领养的 \rightarrow n.收
养,领养;(想法、计划、名字等	等的)采用→adoptive adj.收养的;有收养关系的
4n.禁止;阻止;禁令-	→vt.(尤指以法令)禁止;阻止
5n.新闻记者;新闻工 [/]	作者→n.日记;杂志;期刊
6adj.值得做的;有益的	的→n.报酬;奖励 vt.酬劳;奖赏
7n.自行车;摩托车;循环 v	vi.骑自行车→n.骑自行车的人
8adj.可爱的;讨人喜爱	z的→adv.可爱地→v.爱慕;喜爱

9	n.娱乐(活动);愉悦 \rightarrow vt.(提供)消遣;(使)娱乐 \rightarrow adj.逗乐的
	adj.逗人笑的
10.	$_{adj}$.稀少的;珍贵的;(肉)半熟的 $_{adv}$.很少;罕有
11.	
II.	重点短语
1	在行进中;在移动中
2	出发;启程;(怀着目标)开始工作
3	依靠生活;以吃为生
4	主题公园;主题乐园
5	过山车
6	有吸引力;有感染力;呼吁;上诉;打动
7	到达(某数量、程度等);直到;不多于;(体力或智力上)能胜任
8	

9	宗现;成为现实
10	有幸拥有
	留下;永远离开
12	生活方式
13	对•••••熟悉
14.catch one's	eye
15.apart from	·
16.feed on	
17.pick up	
18.fill in	_
19.bringinto	
20.have fun_	
21.in addition	to



III.经典结构

1.萨勒克山曾经被大片的冰层覆盖,是萨米	人的家,萨米人是公园里的土著居民。
Once, Sarek's	mountains are home to the Sami, the native
residents of the park.	
2.人们希望萨勒克国家公园一直保持原样	,自然而美丽。
Sarek National Park will alv	vays remain, natural and beautiful.
3.把像萨勒克这样的地方变成国家公园值	得吗?
Is itlike Sarek a nation	nal park?
4.无论你喜欢哪一个、喜欢什么,总会有一	一个极好的主题公园会吸引你!
, there is a	in incredible theme park that will appeal to
you!	
5.来多莉山主题公园享受学习所有有关美	国历史的东南部文化的乐趣吧!
Come to Dollywood toall	about America's historical southeastern cul-
ture!	

6.生物限时寻的真正目的是让人们	对他们周围所有的生物多样性感兴趣,甚至是不	玍
他们自己的后院。		
The real purpose of the BioBlitz is _	the biodiversity that's all	
around them, even in their own back	yards.	
IV.长难句分析		
1.Even though the sun is brightly shi	ning, telling whether it is morning or night is im-	
possible.		
分析:本句是主从复合句。连词	引导让步状语从句,动名词短语telling	პ
night作主句的主语,whetheror引	导从句。	
句意:即使阳光灿烂,也不可能分辨	出是早上还是晚上。	
2. Though the Sami are allowed to co	ontinue their traditional way of life in the park, no	
one else can live here, and all new de	evelopment is banned within park boundaries.	
分析:本句是主从复合句。句中	_连接两个并列的分句;连词引导让步;	伏

语从句。

句意:尽管萨米人被允许在公园里继续他们传统的生活方式,但其他人不可以住在 这里,在公园范围内所有新的开发都被禁止了。

3. For example, this morning my breakfast is flat bread warmed over a fire, dried reindeer meat, and some sweet and sour berries that I found growing near my tent.

分析:本句是_____复合句。主句中作表语的成分是由第一个并列连词and连接的并列成分组成,句中的that引导定语从句,其中现在分词短语growing near my tent作___

句意:例如,今天早上我的早餐是放在火上加热的薄松饼、干驯鹿肉和一些我发现的生长在我的帐篷附近的酸甜浆果。

4.If today is anything like yesterday, it will be full of sweat and hard work as I hike over this difficult land to my destination on the other side of the valley.

分析:本句是主从复合句。连词If引导条件状语从句,连词as引导 状语从句。

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句意:如果今天和昨天差不多,那将会充满汗水和艰辛,因为我要徒步跨越这片地形艰险的土地,到达峡谷另一端的目的地。

V.必备语法

- 1. _____(follow)the reindeer were the Sami people, who made this territory their home.
- 2. _____(get) here is quite difficult, so apart from the Sami very few people have ever seen Sarek.
- 3. For hundreds of years, (look) after reindeer was a way of life for the Sami.
- 4. (be) in such a beautiful and wild place makes me feel blessed to be alive.

學词汇▷情景破



...all new development is banned within park boundaries. (教材P26)

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*****在公园范围内所有新的开发都被禁止了。

፟情景导学

The anti-straw sentiment has crossed borders into the UK, where straws have been included in a government plan to ban all plastic waste by 2042.反吸管情绪越界到了英国,在那里吸管被纳入了政府在2042年前禁止所有塑料垃圾的计划。

The students here are banned from bringing cellphones back to school.这儿的学生不允许带手机返校。

There is a ban on offering plastic bags for free in the supermarket.禁止超市无偿提供塑料袋。

He started a campaign to ban smoking in public places.

他发起了一场禁止在公共场合吸烟的运动。

❷归纳拓展

①ban sth.	
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2 禁止某人做某事 (3)对……的禁令 ④lift the ban on...解除对······的禁令 链接高考 单句语法填空 1-1 (2018浙江,阅读理解B,)Among the bag makers' arguments: many cities with (ban) still allow shoppers to purchase paper bags, which are easily recycled but require more energy to produce and transport. 考查名词复数。句意:塑料袋生产商的理由包括:许多有禁令的城市仍然允 许购物者购买纸袋,这些纸袋很容易被回收,但需要更多的能源进行生产和运输。 设空处表示"禁令",ban为可数名词,且空前无冠词。故用名词复数形式。 1-2 (2018浙江,阅读理解B, ***) They hope paper bags (ban) someday too and want shoppers to use the same reusable bags for years.

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考查时态和语态。句意:他们希望有一天纸袋也将被禁止,并希望购物者多 解析 年都使用同样的可重复使用的袋子。由动词hope并结合句意可知,此处表示将来 的动作,且paper bags与ban之间为被动关系。故用一般将来时的被动语态。 1-3 (Fining drivers who are in areas where cars (ban) can also tend to encourage them to leave their cars behind. 考查时态和语态。句意:对在禁止汽车通行的区域的司机进行罚款也常常 会鼓励他们不开车。设空处前后时态为一般现在时,而设空处动作ban已经完成,对 现在仍有影响,且cars与ban之间为被动关系。故用现在完成时的被动语态。 1-4 (The recent ban ivory in both the US and China should help get rid of, or at least reduce, elephant hunting.

解析 考查介词。句意:美国和中国最近对象牙的禁令应该有助于消除或至少减少对大象的猎杀。the ban on...意为"对······的禁令"。故用介词on。

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知识点 2 |accompany vt.陪同;陪伴;伴随; (尤指用钢琴)为 …… 伴奏

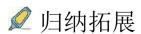
Since reindeer were always on the move, the Sami would pick up their tents and accompany them. (教材P26) 由于驯鹿总是在移动,所以萨米人会搭起他们的帐篷, 陪伴它们。

፟ቑቔቔ

James Gorman, *The New York Times* reporter, accompanied some scientists who are trying to seek the genes that distinguish dogs from wolves. 《纽约时报》的记者詹姆斯·戈尔曼和一些正试图找到将狗与狼区分开来的基因的科学家同行。

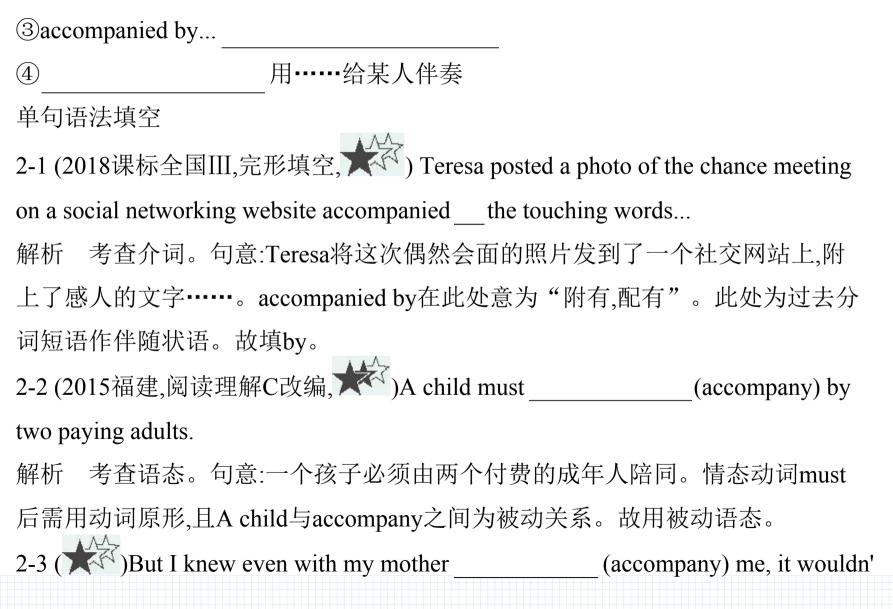
She left the stage,accompanied by a great cheer.伴随着一阵热烈的欢呼声,她离开了舞台。

Her mother accompanied her on the piano.她母亲用钢琴为她伴奏。



①be accompanied by...由······陪同

② 陪某人(到某地)



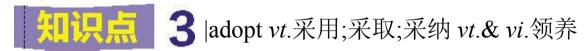
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t be easy.

解析 考查现在分词。句意:但我知道,即使有妈妈陪着我,也将不容易。此处为with的复合结构,accompany与宾语my mother之间为主动关系。故用现在分词形式。

句型转换

2-4 (Children, when they are accompanied by their parents, are allowed to enter the stadium.



I am not a Sami, but in Sarek I 've adopted some of their habits. (教材P27) 我不是 萨米人,但在萨勒克,我采用了他们的一些习惯。

፟情景导学

Tencent, which says just shy of 1 billion monthly active users on its social medium

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WeChat app, and Alibaba have adopted AI... 腾讯称其社交媒介应用软件微信有不到10亿月活跃用户,该公司和阿里巴巴都已采用人工智能······

Mr. Kern adopted the orphan as his own son.

克恩先生将那个孤儿收养为自己的儿子。

I heard that she was an adopted child. 我听说她是个养女。

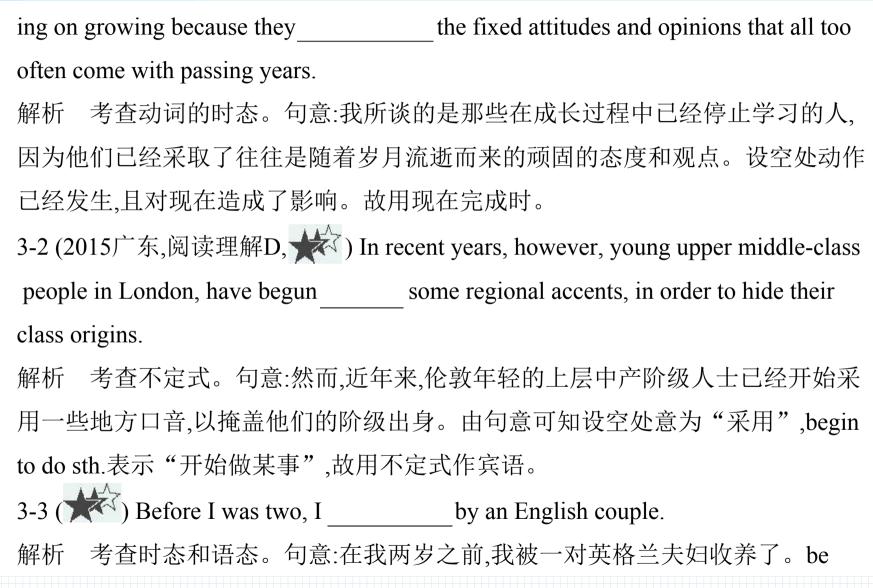
The adoption of the new technology has promoted the productivity. 新技术的采用提高了生产率。

❷归纳拓展

- ①adoption n.
- ② adj. 收养的; 领养的
- ③adoptive adj.采用的;有收养关系的

用adopt的适当形式填空

3-1 (2019天津,阅读理解D,) I'm talking about people who have stopped learn-



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adopted by...意为"被······收养",由语境可知此处应用一般过去时,故填was adopted。

解析 考查时态和语态。句意:Berloni参观了一家动物收容所,在那里,走失的狗和其他宠物会被饲养直到它们被收养为止。由语境可知此处用一般现在时,they与adopt之间为被动关系,应用被动语态,故填are adopted。

型误点 4 |set out出发;启程;(怀着目标)开始工作

After breakfast, I pack my bag and set out again. (教材P27) 早饭后,我收拾好行李,然后又出发了。

፟∲情景导学

Baidu, Alibaba and Tencent have embraced AI: setting up specialist labs at home and overseas and hiring top engineers.百度、阿里巴巴和腾讯都欣然接受了人工智能:在

国内外建立专业的实验室,并聘请顶尖工程师。

He set out to paint the whole house after breakfast.

吃过早饭后,他开始粉刷整幢房子。

We set about discussing when and how we should finish the task. 我们开始讨论我们应何时以及如何完成这项任务。

Words mean more than what is set down on paper.

文字的意义不仅是写在纸上的东西。

If you want to catch that train,we'd better set off/out for the station immediately.如果你想赶上那趟火车,我们最好马上出发去火车站。

❷归纳拓展

①set off 出发;使爆炸;使(警报)响起

②set about(doing)sth.

③set off/out for...

④建立;创立
⑤记下;放下;让(某人)下车
©set out to do sth
介、副词填空
4-1 (2019北京,阅读理解B, ***) Alice Moore is a teenager entrepreneur(创业者),
who in May 2015 set her business AilieCandy.
解析 考查介词。句意:Alice Moore是一名青少年创业者,她在2015年5月创办了
自己的企业AilieCandy。set up创立;建立。
4-2 (2018天津,阅读理解A, ***) If a smoke detector sets an alarm and there is no
fire or smoke, inform your hall staff.
解析 考查介词。句意:如果烟雾探测器触发警报,并且没有火灾或烟雾,通知您的
大厅工作人员。set off引爆;触发。
4-3 (2015陕西,六选五, **) Imagine the anxiety if you do not want to be considered

good public speech skills.

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解析 考查不定式。句意:在那之后,我开始广泛阅读一个鼓舞人心的话题,写了一篇演讲稿,并用优美的发音和良好的公开演讲技巧练习它的演讲方式。set out to do sth.开始做某事。

4-5 (Spencer set about _____ (find) just the right horse. In 2002, she e-mailed all the nearby horse farms looking for a horse, 26 inches tall at most.

解析 考查动名词。句意:Spencer开始寻找合适的马。2002年,她给附近所有的马

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场发了电子邮件,寻找一匹最高26英寸的马。set about doing sth.开始做某事。



The Sami lived off reindeer, moved with them, and accompanied them for hundreds of years. (教材P27) 萨米人靠驯鹿为生,和它们一起迁徙,陪伴了它们几百年。

፟情景导学

She lived on for many years after her husband died.

她丈夫死后她又继续活了很多年。

She has lived through several terrible accidents.

她曾经历过几次重大事故。

Had she lived up to her promise, she would have made it to Yale University.

如果她履行了诺言,她就已经上耶鲁大学了。

I suggest all of us should smile every day, and live a happy life.

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我建议我们所有人应该每天都微笑,开开心心地生活。

The islanders live by fishing, so they value the waters around the island.

岛上的居民靠捕鱼赚钱为生,因此他们重视这个岛四周的水域。

❷归纳拓展

①live on;以(某物)为食;靠某 ^元	种经济来源生活
2 live through	
3 live by (doing) sth.	;按照(某信念或原则)生活
④过•••••的生活	
5符合;履行;不辜负	
⑥live with容忍;忍受;与······住在一起	
单句语法填空	
5-1 (2019天津,阅读理解C, **)wher	n a predator lives various species,they
re weakly linked.	

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解析 考查固定搭配。句意:······当一种捕食性动物以不同的物种为食时,它们之间的联系就很弱。 live on/off意为"以吃·······为生"。

5-2 (2019北京,语法填空A, ***) She handed me advice, "Be yourself." For the past 20 years, I have lived these words.

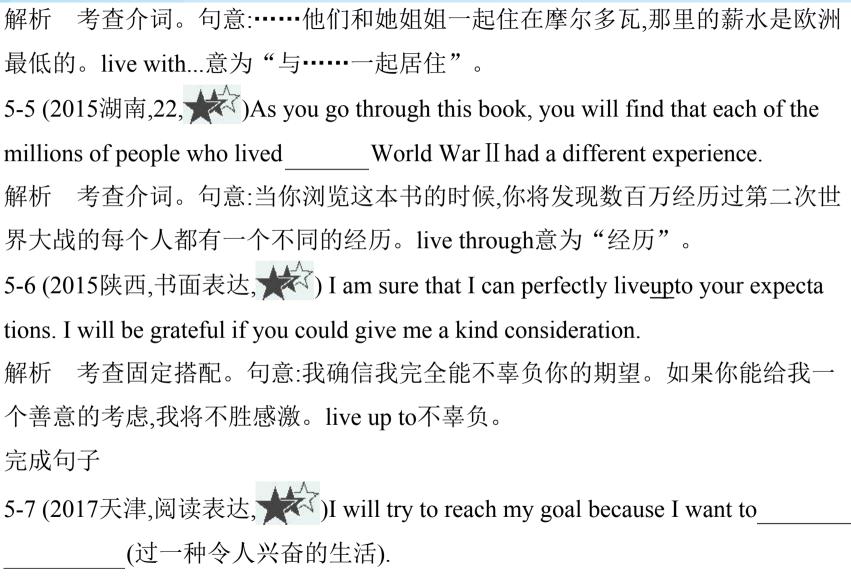
解析 考查介词。句意:她给了我建议,"做你自己。"在过去的20年里,我是按照这些话生活的。live by...意为"按照(某信念或原则)生活"。

5-3 (2019北京,阅读理解B, ***) Meanwhile, with her parents' help, Moore is general

ly able to liveanormal teenage life.

解析 考查冠词。句意:与此同时,在她父母的帮助下,Moore大体上能够过上正常的青少年生活。live a...life意为"过······的生活"。

5-4 (2017浙江,阅读理解C, _____her sister in Moldova, where salaries are among the lowest in Europe.



FASCINATING PARKS UNIT 3

以上, 6 |prohibit vt.(尤指以法令)禁止;阻止

officially or legally prohibit(教材P28) 官方或法律禁止

፟፟፟፟情景导学

The fight to save Earth is fought by a team, including an affable cosmonaut who explains why his country prohibited alcohol in space, at least officially. 这场拯救地球的 战斗是由一个团队来进行的,其中包括一位和蔼可亲的前苏联宇航员,他解释了为 什么他的国家禁止在太空饮酒,至少官方是这样。

The price prohibited us from buying it.

价钱太高了,我们买不起它。

The new rules prohibit smoking in places like restaurants, hotels, railway stations or theatres, but not at the office.这些新规定禁止在像餐厅、旅店、火车站或剧院这些 地方吸烟,但不包括办公室。

The environmental group is demanding a complete prohibition against the hunting of

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whales. 这个环保组织要求全面禁止捕鲸。

❷归纳拓展

	禁止某人做某事
②prohibit(one's) doing sth	
③prohibition n.禁止,禁令	
(4) a prohibition against	
用prohibit的适当形式填空	
6-1 (2019浙江,阅读理解C改编	A suitable title for the text can be "Cutting of
Big Trees to in C	California Soon".
解析 考查不定式的被动语态	忘。句意:这篇文章的一个合适的标题可以是"加利
福尼亚州即将禁止砍伐大树"	。Cutting of Big Trees与prohibit之间为被动关系,故
填Be Prohibited。	
6-2 (2017课标全国 I ,完形填空	艺, 大 The professor was deaf and any talking

	I soon realized th	nat the silence	was not unpleasa	ınt.	
解析	考查时态和语态。台	可意:这位教授	耳聋,任何谈话者	都被禁止。	我很快意识到
这种沉	默并不是令人不快的	的。由上下文	的语境可知应用	一般过去时	付,talking与pro-
	间是被动关系,故用被		-		
6-3 (20	15天津,阅读理解A,) Please 1	note that any	items	s will be taken
away b	y the Office of Reside	ence Life.			
解析	考查过去分词作定证	岳。句意:请注	意,任何违禁品者	都将被居住	生活办公室带
走。设	空处作定语修饰名词	可items,两者之	间为被动关系。	故用过去	分词形式。
6-4 (In 1897, the state	e of Michigan	passed a law	the	killing of pas-
senger	pigeons, but by then,	no sizable floc	ks had been seen	in the state	e for 10 years.
解析	考查现在分词作定证	岳。句意:1897	'年,密歇根州通过	过了一项禁	上捕杀候鸽的
法律,但	到那时为止,该州已	经有10年没有	了出现过数量可观	见的候鸽群	了。设空处作
定语修	饰名词law,两者之间	为主动关系。	故用现在分词	形式。	

UNIT 3 FASCINATING PARKS

完成句子

6-5 (大多)包括洛杉矶在内的加利福尼亚州约90个城市禁止使用塑料袋。

The bags some 90 cities in California, including Los Angeles.

7 |appeal vi.有吸引力;呼吁;恳求;上诉 n.吸引力;呼吁;上诉;请求

Whichever and whatever you like, there is an incredible theme park that will appeal to you! (教材P31)无论你喜欢哪一个、喜欢什么,总有一个极好的主题公园会吸引你!

፟情景导学

He made one last appeal to his father to forgive him.

他最后一次恳求他父亲宽恕他。

The Prime Minister appealed to young people to use their vote.

首相呼吁年轻人行使他们的投票。

Spending the holidays in Britain wasn't a prospect that I found particularly appealing.

UNIT 3 FASCINATING PARKS

在英国度假对我并不是特别有吸引力的设想。

❷归纳拓展

①appeal to sb	
②appeal (to sb.)for sth.(向某人)呼吁某事	
③appeal to sb. to do sth	
(4) make an appeal to sb. to do sth.	
⑤adj.吸引人的;迷人的;恳求的	
单句语法填空	
7-1 (2019天津,阅读理解D,	ap
peal) to the world for more than 350 years.	
解析 考查动词的时态。句意:350多年来,这本书证明是一本吸引着全世界的	
书。由for more than 350 years可知,设空处用现在完成时。	

7-2 (2018北京,阅读理解D, Fewer emissions and cheaper travel sound

pretty	(appe	eal).		
解析	考查形容词。	句意:更少的排放和更	更便宜的旅行听起来	相当吸引人。sound
		序词作表语,此处意为	´	1
7-3 (20)18课标全国 I	,完形填空, 💢) And	d, even if I weren't exc	cited enough about
free cro	edits, news abo	ut our instructor was_	(appeal) enou	ugh to me.
解析	考查形容词。	句意:而且,即使我对	免费学分还不够兴奋	,关于我们老师的消
息也足	是够吸引我了。	appealing意为"吸引	人的"。	
7-4 (20)17北京,阅读理	理解C改编,★★〉)The]	purpose of the passage	e is to appealequa
rights	in medical trea	tment.		
解析	考查介词。句]意:这篇文章的目的是	是呼吁平等的医疗权利	利。appeal for呼吁
•••••				
7-5 (20)17江苏,完形均	真空改编, 大 The te	eacher suggested that (Gabriel go into the
music	store-room to s	ee if any of the instrun	nents there appealed	him.

UNIT 3 FASCINATING PARKS

解析 考查介词。句意:老师建议Gabriel走进音乐贮藏室去看看那里是否有对他有吸引力的乐器。appeal to...对······有吸引力。故填to。

8 | up to到达(某数量、程度等);直到;不多于;(体力或智力上)能胜任

Here you can walk under the Whale Shark Aquarium—the world's largest—and see up to 20,000 fish, in addition to a whale shark 68 metres in length. (教材P32) 在这里,你可以从世界上最大的鲸鲨水族馆下走过,除了一条68米长的鲸鲨外,你还可以看到多达2万条鱼。

፟情景导学

At a mid-May event, up to 1,000 Chinese fans and stars watched a 30-minute excerpt from *Wonder Woman*. 在5月中旬的一次活动中,多达1,000名中国粉丝和明星观看了一段30分钟的《神奇女侠》的片段。

I'm afraid Tom just isn't up to the job.

UNIT 3 FASCINATING PARKS

恐怕汤姆不能胜任这份工作。

It's up to travel companies to warn customers of any possible dangers.旅游公司有责任向顾客警示任何可能的危险。

Great changes have taken place in my school up to now.

到目前为止,我的学校发生了很大的变化。

❷归纳拓展

①up to+数目	
②up to+时间	
3be up to (doing) sth	
<u>4</u>	由某人决定做某事;做某事是某人的职责(或责任)
⑤up to now到目前为止	•
单句语法填空	

8-1 (2019课标全国 I ,阅读理解A, Summer Company provides students with

hands-on business training and awards of up___\$3,000 to start and run their own summer businesses.

解析 考查固定搭配。句意:暑期公司为学生提供实际操作的商业培训,并提供多达3,000美元的奖金,让他们开始并经营自己的暑期企业。"up to+数目"表示"多达·····"。

8-2 (2019浙江,七选五, **) The concert was broadcast live and attracted the largest one night audience in the history of television to that time.

解析 考查固定搭配。句意:那场音乐会进行了现场直播,吸引了当时电视史上最多的一晚观众。"up to+时间"表示"直到······时"。

8-3 (Make) the final decision.

解析 考查固定搭配。句意:最终决定权在这位词典编辑手中。be up to sb. to do sth.意为"由某人决定做某事"。

UNIT 3 FASCINATING PARKS

完成句子

8-4 (2016四川,阅读理解D, 量然到目前为止还没有测试过在不同时间采收的牛奶对人体的影响······

For some reason, I decided together, and then I

went to work.

҈结构▷情景破

1 | some...others...

Some parks are famous for having the biggest or longest roller coasters, others for showing famous sights and sounds. (教材P31)一些公园以拥有最大或最长的过山车而闻名,另一些公园则以展示著名的风景和声音而闻名。

貸情景导学

Some people came by car, and others came on foot.

一些人是坐汽车来的,另一些人是走着来的。

Some people learn by experiment and others learn by experience. 一些人通过实验学习,另一些人则通过经验学习。

Some people like modern art, while others say it is rubbish.

一些人喜欢现代艺术,而另一些人说它是垃圾。

Some people believe in fate and others don't. 一些人相信命运,另一些人不相信。

❷归纳拓展

some...others...意为"一些······另一些·····",其主要用法如下:

- ①others 前用 连接(and 前可以加或不加逗号);
- ②当需要表达转折意思时,还可用____、but等表示转折的连词,构成"some...while/but others..."结构;

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③others...部分还可以采用省略句式,注意others前不用定冠词the。

链接高考

单句语法填空

1-1 (2019天津,阅读理解D,)And the story poses an interesting question: why do some people discover new vitality and creativity to the end of their days, _____ others go to seed long before?

解析 考查连词。句意:这个故事提出了一个有趣的问题:为什么有些人直到生命的最后一刻才发现新的活力和创造力,而另一些人却在很久以前就开始播种呢?本句为some...others...句式,此处表转折,应使用连词while。

1-2 (2018天津,阅读表达改编, **)Some people live to climb the highest mountains, while (other) live to avoid ever climbing at all.

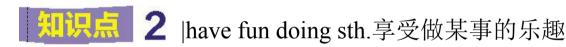
解析 考查固定句式。分析可知此处为some...others...句式,故填others。

1-3 (2017课标全国 II ,阅读理解D改编, **)Some plants pump out smelly chemi-

UNIT 3 FASCINATING PARKS

cals to keep insects away, while other plants do double duty.

- →Some plants pump out smelly chemicals to keep insects away. ____ others do double duty.
- →Some plants pump out smelly chemicals to keep insects away. But_____plants do double duty.



Come to Dollywood to have fun learning all about America's historical southeastern culture!(教材P32) 来多莉山主题公园享受学习所有关于美国历史东南部文化的乐趣吧!

፟情景导学

The children had so much fun throwing stones down into the river.

孩子们把石头扔到河里玩得很开心。

I had fun with my friends at the party.

我和朋友们在宴会上玩得开心。

What do you do for fun in winter? We make snowmen and go skiing.

你们在冬天做什么取乐?我们堆雪人和滑雪。

It's fun to learn another language.

学习另外一种语言是有趣的。

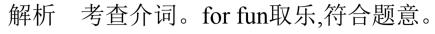
❷归纳拓展

- ① /in fun取乐;闹着玩
- ②make fun of 嘲弄;取笑
- ③It is fun to do/doing sth._____
- ④ 与某人玩得开心

单句语法填空

2-1 (2018课标全国 II,阅读理解C,)Teens and younger children are reading a lot less fun, according to a Common Sense Media report published Monday.

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2-2 (2016浙江,19,)I had as much fun _____ (sail) the seas as I now do working with students.

解析 考查动名词。句意:我过去航海和现在与学生们打交道一样很开心。have fun doing sth.享受做某事的乐趣,故填sailing。

2-3 (But I'm just worried other people might think we're a little strange... And then they would make fun you.

解析 考查介词。句意:但我只是担心别人可能会觉得我们有点奇怪······。然后他们就会取笑你。make fun of意为"取笑",符合题意。

2-4 (Mum, it's not much fun (fall) over in front of everyone.

解析 考查固定句式。句意:妈妈,在大家面前摔倒可不好玩。It is fun to do/doing sth.做某事有趣。

2-5 (Team games at the end of sports day produced some close races, wild en-

UNIT 3 FASCINATING PARKS

thusiasm, lots of shouting—and were fun ______(watch).
解析 考查不定式。此处用不定式的主动形式表示被动意义。
完成句子

2-6 (2015湖北,阅读理解A改编, ***) "Hello!" I said to him, assuming he was just rolling (取乐), but he was very still.

知识点 3 不定式作表语

The real purpose of the BioBlitz is to get people interested in the biodiversity that's all around them, even in their own backyards. (教材P36) 生物闪电战的真正目的是让人们对他们周围所有生物多样性感兴趣,甚至是在他们自己的后院。

情景导学

He seems to be ill.

他似乎生病了。

We are to meet at the station at three.

我们计划3点钟在车站见面。

My job is to sweep the floor.

我的工作就是擦地板。

What I hope to do now is (to) go home and have a good rest.现在我想要做的就是回家好好休息。

❷归纳拓展

不定式作表语主要有三种情况:

- ①用于seem、appear、prove等_____之后;
- ②表示 的具体内容、目的等;
- ③用于be to do结构中,表示将来。

[温馨提示]

不定式作表语时,如果主语部分含有实义动词do的某种形式时,则作表语的不定式可以省去符号to。主语部分不含实义动词do的某种形式时,不定式符号to不能省

略。

单句语法填空

3-1 (2019北京,七选五,一) Most people believe the best way to build a great team is _____(gather) a group of the most talented individuals.

解析 考查不定式作表语。句意:大多数人认为建立一个伟大团队的最好方法是聚集一群最有才华的人。从句的主语为the best way,表语解释主语的内容。故填to gather。

3-2 (2019江苏,书面表达, ***) Secondly, the inconvenience is not a problem if our purpose is_____ (share) Chinese culture.

解析 考查不定式作表语。句意:其次,如果我们的目的是共享中国文化,不便就不是问题。从句的主语为our purpose,表语解释其内容。故填to share。

3-3 (2019课标全国 II ,七选五, ***) Another way of setting realistic goals is _____

____(analyze) your short and long term objectives, keeping in mind your beliefs, values

and strengths.

解析 考查不定式作表语。句意:另一种设定现实目标的方法是分析你的短期和长期目标,牢记你的信念、价值观和长处。本句主语是Another way,表语解释主语的内容。故填to analyze。

3-4 (2019课标全国 II ,书面表达, 一) The match is due to be organised this Saturday afternoon in the city's stadium, whose aim is _____ (help) us communicate with other schools and improve our friendship.

解析 考查不定式作表语。句意:这场比赛计划于本周六下午在市体育馆举行,目的是帮助我们与其他学校交流,增进友谊。从句主语是aim,表语解释其内容。故填to help。

3-5 (2018天津,阅读理解D, ***) The first step in awakening senses is _____(stop) predicting what we are going to see and feel before it occurs.

解析 考查不定式作表语。句意:唤醒意识的第一步是在它发生之前停止预测我

UNIT 3 FASCINATING PARKS

们将要看到和感觉到的东西。主句主语是step,表语对其内容进行解释。故填to stop。

҈语法▷精讲破

动词-ing形式作主语

动词-ing形式相当于名词或名词短语的功能。

一、动词-ing形式作主语

观察

Reading aloud is a good way to learn a language.

大声读是学习语言的一种好方法。

Wasting a person's time is the same as killing him for his property. 浪费一个人的时间无异于谋财害命。

归纳

1.动词-ing形式作① 时,往往表示经常性、习惯性的动作,通常置于句首。

观察

Climbing mountains is really difficult for the old.

对于老年人来说爬山确实困难。

归纳

2.动名词作主语时,谓语动词用②。

观察

It is no use waiting for other people to make decisions for you.等别人替你作决定是没有用的。

归纳

3.形式主语③ __代替动词-ing形式作主语。

此类句式常见的有:

It's a waste of time doing sth.做某事是浪费时间的。

It's useless/useful doing sth.做某事没用/有用。

UNIT 3 FASCINATING PARKS

It's no good/no use/fun doing sth.做某事没好处/没用/有趣。

观察

There is no denying that the environment is gradually worsening.不能否认环境正在逐步恶化。

归纳

- 4. 当句型 "There is no..."表示 "不允许、禁止某种行为的发生或存在"时,需用
- ④ 形式作主语。
- 二、动名词的复合结构

观察

The doctor does not mind me/my eating a little meat occasionally.医生并不介意我偶尔吃一点肉。

Her coming to help encouraged all of us.

她来帮忙鼓舞了我们所有人。

UNIT 3 FASCINATING PARKS

Jane's being careless caused so	much trouble.			
简的粗心惹来了这么多麻烦。				
归纳				
动名词的复合结构作主语时,	其逻辑主语只能	用⑤	或形容词	性物主代
词;在口语中,如果动名词的复	合结构作⑥	,其逻辑主语常	常采用⑦	普通格具
人称代词宾格代替名词所有构	各或形容词性物	主代词。		
三、动词-ing形式作主语与不	定式作主语的图	玄别		
观察				
Learning English is not easy.学	习英语不容易。			
To lie to her is wrong.对她撒说	^荒 是不对的。			
归纳				
1.动词不定式、动名词都可以	人作主语。			
2.动词不定式多指某次⑧	行为或将来的	动作; 动名词表	示9	的



行为。

链接高考

单句语法填空

解析 考查动名词。句意:把英语作为第二语言来学习可能是一种痛苦的经历。 情态动词can前面的部分作主语,故用动名词形式。

客观事实,故谓语动词用一般现在时的单数形式。

UNIT 3 FASCINATING PARKS

communication with professors (be) very important.

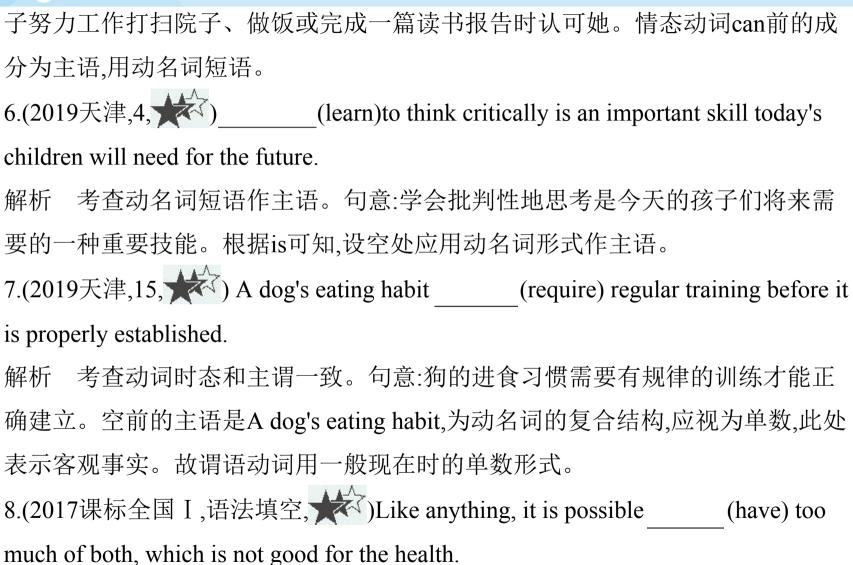
解析 考查动词时态和主谓一致。句意:在线上课堂中,与教授建立良好的交流模式非常重要。本句主语是动名词短语,表示客观事实情况。故谓语动词用一般现在时的单数形式。

4.(2019浙江,概要写作, Not _____(give) enough praise can be just as damaging as giving too much.

解析 考查动名词短语作主语。句意:没有给予足够的赞美和给予太多的赞美一样有害。情态动词can前的成分为主语,所以此处作主语的是动名词短语的否定形式。

5.(2019浙江,概要写作, (praise) the effort and not the outcome can also mean recognizing your child when she has worked hard to clean the yard, cook dinner, or finish a book report.

解析 考查动名词短语作主语。句意:赞扬孩子的努力而不是结果也意味着当孩



UNIT 3 FASCINATING PARKS

