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| 单元达标测评 |
| (满分:120分;时间:100分钟) |
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第一部分　阅读(共两节,满分50分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

The Hearst Castle

Hearst Castle is a park on the central California coast and a National Historic Landmark(地标). It was designed by Julia Morgan for William Randolph Hearst from 1919 to 1947. In 1957, the owner donated the fortune(大笔的钱) to the state of California. Since that time it has been a state historic park where its large collection of art and antiques(古董) are open for public tours. Despite its location far from any urban center, the site attracts roughly one million visitors per year.

Guided Tours

•Tour One is recommended for first time visitors. It now includes the movies, Hearst Castle and Building the Dream.

•Tour Two gives visitors a closer look at the main house's upper floors, Mr. Hearst's private(私人的) suite, the libraries and the kitchen.

•Tour Three looks at the Castle's North Wing, guest rooms and guest houses Casa Del Monte.

•Tour Four includes the impressive gardens and grounds, the largest guesthouse(宾馆), the wine basement(地下室), and the Hidden Terrace.

•The evening tour is a special tour that allows visitors to experience the Castle at night as one of the Hearst's own visitors might have.

Ticket Prices

Hearst Castle accepts VISA, Master Card, American Express and Discover. Free day use parking is available for automobiles, motorcycles, tour buses and recreational vehicles(车辆).

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Tours | Adult | Ages 6—17 |
| Tour 1 | $24 | $12 |
| Tours 2,3 or 4 | $24 | $12 |
| Evening tour | $30 | $15 |

　　\* Children under 6 are free when accompanied by a paying adult.

Reservation (预订)Information

While tickets may be bought at the Visitor Center upon arrival, tour reservations can be made online now or by calling 1-800-444-4445, see below for times.

Reservation Call Center Hours

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Dates | Monday—Friday | Saturday—Sunday |
| March—September | 8 am to 6 pm | 8 am to 6 pm |
| October—February | 9 am to 5 pm | 9 am to 3 pm |

　　Visit www.hearstcastle.org for more information.

1.If you are quite interested in wine, which tour will you choose?

A.Tour Two. B.Tour One.

C.Tour Four. D.Tour Three.

2.If a couple take Tour One with their 5-year-old son, how much will they pay for the tickets?

A.$36. B.$60.

C.$48. D.$75.

3.Which of the following is the available time to book tickets by phone?

A.At 8 am on Monday in February.

B.At 6 pm on Saturday in October.

C.At 7 pm on Friday in September.

D.At 9 am on Sunday in March.

B

One week after I started working in Beijing,I decided to visit a place of interest called the Summer Palace. Before setting off, I researched into it on the Internet. The Summer Palace is composed mostly of a lake, but it's surrounded by beautiful greenery(青葱的草木) and a walkway that circles the lake. It is recommended that you give the Summer Palace about three hours. If you try to walk around it, it could take five or six hours. With that knowledge of it, I set off.

The highlight of the tour had to be the view from the Tower of Buddhist Incense. It sits on the top of a large hill overlooking the lake and that is worth the climb. It was built as a place to worship(敬奉) Buddha. And in the Summer Palace, unlike most of other places, photography isn't allowed in most of the building. Most of the statues of Buddha and the other artifacts(手工艺品) are off-limits to photos.

Another highlight was seeing the stage created for the Dowager Empress where she watched the opera and other theater items. There are box seats(包厢座位) that surround the stage and it is the largest stage created in all of Imperial China. You could almost imagine royalty(王室成员) reviewing the actors from the boxes and the stage.

I do recommend taking a boat ride if you go, which takes you from one side of the lake to the other side where you can see another set of buildings. And it is fun. You can also rent an electric or paddle boat if you want. But since it was just me, I went on one of the biggest boats with other people.

I spent another four hours wandering around the Summer Palace. But I didn't see all of it because it was getting dark. How I wish I could visit it again.

4.Before setting off to the Summer Palace, the author　　　.

A.asked others about it

B.didn't think it was large

C.didn't think it was small

D.learned something about it

5.What does the underlined word “off-limits” in Paragraph 2 probably mean?

A.Forbidden. B.Allowed.

C.Charged. D.Limited.

6.What do we know about the second highlight mentioned in the text?

A.It sits on the top of a hill.

B.It is the largest stage all over China.

C.Operas are performed there at times.

D.It was for royalty to watch performances.

7.Which of the following correctly describes the author's tour?

A.She spent 4 hours in the Summer Palace.

B.She didn't enjoy the trip because it was too late.

C.She took a boat by herself.

D.She only toured parts of the Summer Palace.

C

Many of us know about Russia's Lake Baikal from our textbooks, or by listening to Chinese singer Li Jian's hit song, Lake Baikal(《贝加尔湖》). But over the past decade, the world's deepest freshwater lake has been in the spotlight for an extreme sport.

Each March since 2005, about 150 people from around the world sign up for the Baikal Ice Marathon. They come to explore the lake's breathtaking beauty and challenge themselves in unpredictable(不可预测的) conditions. The 26-mile (41.84-kilometer) journey starts on the lake's eastern shore. In March, the ice is a meter thick and iron-hard. Runners cross this frozen surface, finishing on the western side of the lake.

Known as “the blue eye of Siberia”, Lake Baikal has exceptionally clear waters. This means its ice is almost perfectly transparent (透明的). “Seen from above, a runner on the ice looks as if he or she were jogging through space.” The New York Times noted.

The landscape might be beautiful, but it's also harsh. Strong winds blast(猛吹)across the lake and frostbite(冻伤) can occur within half an hour. Runners say the cold climate is what draws them. They want to test(测试) their limits.

“When you are in such an environment, you don't have cars around you, and you don't have the noise around. I think these extreme races allow you to be alone with nature.”Alicja Barahona, a 64-year-old runner from the US, told ABC News.

The location offers some strange and unique characteristics for this marathon. The finishing line is visible from the start, but the endless white offers no progress markers. The race also ends with little fanfare(隆重的欢迎). Tourists crowding the ice are mostly addicted to snapping selfies (自拍照) and just ignore the runners.

For some runners, the absence(不存在) of spectators makes the race more challenging, because it's lonely. They must fight with themselves. “You are alone on Baikal. It is your race. You are alone with yourself. All you need to do is to defeat yourself.” Veronique Messina, a French runner, told The Telegraph.

8.What can we know about the Baikal Ice Marathon from the article?

A.It takes runners from the northern end to the southern end of the lake.

B.It involves extreme weather and beautiful scenery.

C.It attracts more and more participants each year.

D.It is about 26 kilometers in length.

9.How does the Baikal Ice Marathon differ from other marathons?

A.Only men are allowed to run in this race.

B.The runners are often distracted by tourists.

C.There are many progress markers on the ice.

D.The runners can see the finishing line from the start.

10.What is the most challenging part of the race for Messina?

A.The cold climate.

B.The long distance.

C.Noisy surroundings.

D.Loneliness.

11.How many reasons are listed to show the loneliness?

A.5. B.4. C.3 D.2.

D

Sydney's Royal Botanic Gardens are to start a war on gray-headed flying foxes. These super bats(蝙蝠) have invaded(入侵) one of Australia's most famous public spaces. Officials have said that animals are destroying trees and have to be moved on.



The unwanted guests at Sydney's Royal Botanic Gardens look like tiny foxes with wings. Officials have estimated there are about 11,000 of them living in the harbor-side park. After inspecting the damage to dozens of trees they now believe there are twice as many as previously thought. Branches have been breaking under the weight of these furry invaders and their droppings have been poisoning(毒害) plants.

Help may well be at hand, however, in the shape of the ordinary garbage bin. The Gardens' director Dr. Tim Entwistle hopes the unpleasant sounds of crashing bin lids(垃圾箱盖) will agitate the flying foxes and force them to move on. “The way to disturb them is to use noises, so we've used the loud noises made by rubbish bins in the past. You can also use speakers as long as you move the noise around, and what we'll do is to have a series of noise, at the beginning and end of the day. What we've found in the past is that the flying foxes leave the Gardens and go somewhere else,” said Tim.

The gray-headed flying fox is Australia's largest bat. It flies around at night using its eyes and a powerful sense of smell to search for fruit and flowers. Officials at the Roval Botanic Gardens in Sydney have said they're optimistic that the unwelcome colony can be uprooted(使离开家园). If and when the bats do move to other parts of the city they will of course then become someone else's problem.

12.Why do people want to get rid of the flying foxes?

A.Because the gardens are important public places.

B.Because they are polluting the city.

C.Because many garbage bins have been damaged by them.

D.Because they're threatening the survival of trees and other plants.

13.What are people doing to get rid of the flying foxes?

A.Shooting them.

B.Making loud noises.

C.Shaking the trees hard.

D.Cutting some trees down.

14.Which of the following can replace the underlined word “agitate” in Paragraph 3?

A.Excite. B.Kill. C.Disturb. D.Discourage.

15.What does the writer imply form the last paragraph?

A.The bats will still stay in the gardens.

B.Some other areas will have to deal with the bats.

C.The grey-headed flying fox often eats trees.

D.The damage caused by the bats is serious.

第二节(共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Most people want to find ways to travel inexpensively. The following are the secrets of traveling on the cheap.

Use cashback(付现折扣) websites

According to the travel blogger James Cave, using Topcashback.com puts more dollars into your account. “Cashback websites like Topcashback.com give you back the commission(回扣) that they would normally get from referring you to a booking website,” Cave explains. “　16　. It may not seem much, but over a week that could end up being close to $100.” Cashback websites also work with car hire, travel insurance companies, and hundreds of other travel companies. “　17　,”he adds.

Consider house sitting

If you're a pet owner, what do you do with your beloved pet?　18　, many pet owners offer their house to travelers in exchange for pet sitting. “In return for feeding the cat, walking the dog, and doing whatever else the homeowner needs, you get to stay in the person's house for free,” Cave says. Try checking out Trusthousessitters.com to list your own property or book a stay abroad.

　19

World traveler Brian Corsetti says an often overlooked way to save money is to strike up(开始) a conversation with a local. Not only is it great to be friendly, but people who live in popular destinations know the best ways to find sales or inexpensive eats, which can help you avoid falling into tourist traps.　20　. Instead of going to a restaurant, you stop by the home of a local, who will prepare traditional food for much less, giving you a glimpse into how the locals really live and eat.

A.Get to know the locals

B.Find the best way to travel

C.Instead of paying for expensive boarding(寄宿) fees

D.Together, it all adds up to big vacation savings

E.Because of so many super inexpensive airlines

F.You could expect to save around $5 to $ 10 a night on a $100 nightly booking

G.For another one-of-a-kind experience abroad, consider sharing a meal via EatWith

16.　　　 17.　　　 18.　　　 19.　　　 20.

第二部分　语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节　(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

My father was born in a small town in the US. He wasn't sure what he wanted from 　21　, but something told him to 　22　 and begin a new adventure.

He began that adventure traveling to cities in the US before going on to Australia, New Zealand and the Philippines. He took my mother and us three daughters with him and went wherever the road 　23　 him.

It's easy to feel 　24　 when you're on the road. We made lots of new friends on our trip—most of them are mechanics, since we often 　25　 hours in repair shops. But that was a way much 　26　 than sitting by the roadside while waiting for the engine to cool off when it was 40℃ outside.

Getting along well sometimes seemed 　27　. There were always a lot of 　28　, especially among us back seat passengers about who had to sit in the middle. But even if it was hard, we learned a lot about tolerance(包容). When we were traveling in the Philippines, we drove to Quezon City one day. It should have been an hour's drive but was nearly three thanks to bad roads and 　29　 traffic. “Did you put our suitcases in the car?” my father asked my mother as we arrived there. From the back seat, we saw her slowly turn toward my father. “No,” she said. “I thought you did.” That was how a seven-hour car trip turned into a 16-hour one, which was mostly spent in vain(徒劳).

On occasions like that, we had to learn to let go of our anger because we were 　30　 in a rolling box with the same people for the rest of the 　31　. Even if I sometimes felt like opening the car door and 　32　 one of my sisters out, I kept my feelings to myself.

This is why road trips were like 　33　 universities to us. We 　34　 our PhDs (博士学位) in how to get along with other people just by traveling in our old car.

If we were 　35　 given a second chance at life, we would do it all over again. Only this time would I put the suitcases in the car myself.

21.A.move B.life

C.experience D.belief

22.A.live up B.struggle on

C.get out D.walk around

23.A.took B.drove C.served D.controlled

24.A.anxious B.upset C.helpless D.lonely

25.A.wasted B.worked C.spent D.chatted

26.A.better B.easier C.safer D.cleverer

27.A.available B.alternative

C.necessary D.impossible

28.A.arguments B.fights

C.embarrassments D.amusements

29.A.light B.heavy C.local D.fast

30.A.buried B.crazy C.stuck D.impatient

31.A.holiday B.journey

C.exploration D.march

32.A.dragging B.pushing

C.helping D.sending

33.A.unusual B.common C.free D.mobile

34.A.earned B.expected C.missed D.valued

35.A.somewhere B.anytime

C.somehow D.anyway

第二节(共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Space World theme park in the southwestern Japanese city of Kitakyushu has had to close their winter　36　(attract)after it froze around 5,000 fish into an ice rink(溜冰场).

The park,　37　is described as a “theme park all about space”, launched(发起) their “Frozen Port” exhibition(展览会;展开) in　38　attempt to educate people about marine life as they skated over it. The Aquarium of Ice attracted people to visit by promising a world-first experience of “skating across the sea”while　39　(look) down on fish, crabs, and a whale shark.

Despite the reported popularity since　40　(it) opening on 12 November, 2016, the park received impassioned(激昂的) criticism on social media. It could be put down in part to the caption(说明文字) they used when sharing some pictures: “I am d...d...drowning, s...s...suffocating(窒息).”In response, one commenter said the park was “disrespectful(无礼的) of life”,　41　another said it was displaying a “　42　(surprise) lack of morality”.

According to management, the fish　43　(be) already dead when they bought them, sourced from markets and were chosen because they were unable　44　(sell).

Space World has decided to close the event and are considering holding an “appropriate(适当的) religious service” once they have melted the rink—which could take over a week. Manager Toshimi Takeda said they had proposed(提议;打算) to “hold a memorial service for the fish which worked hard for us” and then reuse them　45　fertilizer(肥料).

36.　　　 37.　　　 38.　　　 39.　　　 40.

41.　　　 42.　　　 43.　　　 44.　　　 45.

第三部分　写作(共两节,满分40分)

第一节(满分15分)

假如你是李华,你和父母暑假去台湾旅游,报名参加了当地Green River Travel Agency旅行社的一日团。请你给经理写下对当日旅游服务的意见。要点如下:

1.对导游John的服务表示感谢;

2.一日游的景点安排合理,玩得开心;

3.会将旅行社推荐给自己的好友。

注意:

1.词数80左右;

2.可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯;

3.开头已给出(不计入总词数)。

Dear manager,

I have been thoroughly impressed with the service I have received.

第二节(满分25分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。续写的词数应为150左右。

An 80-year-old man was sitting on the sofa in his house along with his 45-year-old highly educated son. Suddenly a crow (乌鸦) perched (栖息) on their window.

The father asked his son, “ What is this ?” The son replied, “ It is a crow.”

After a few minutes, the father asked his son for the second time, “What is this?” The son said, “Father, I have just now told you that it's a crow!”

After a little while, the old father again asked his son for the third time, “What is this?”

At this time some expression of irritation (恼怒) was felt in the son's tone when he said to his father with a rebuff (粗暴回绝), “It's a crow, a crow.” A little while later, the father again asked his son the fourth time, “What is this?”

This time, the son shouted at his father, “Why do you keep asking me the same question again and again, although I have told you so many times ‘IT IS A CROW'. Are you not able to understand this?”

A little later the father went to his room and came back with an old tattered(破旧的) diary, which he had maintained since his son was born. On opening a page, he asked his son to read that page.

When the son read it, the following words were written in the diary:

“Today my little son aged three was sitting with me on the sofa, when a crow was sitting on the window. My son asked me 23 times what it was, and I replied to him all 23 times that it was a crow. I hugged him lovingly each time he asked me the same question. I did not at all feel irritated but I rather felt affection for my innocent son.”

Paragraph 1:

After reading the diary,

Paragraph 2:

Feeling ashamed, the son got down on his knees before his father.

id:2147486419;FounderCES单元达标测评

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1.C | 2.C | 3.D | 4.D | 5.A | 6.D | 7.D |
| 8.B | 9.D | 10.D | 11.C | 12.D | 13.B | 14.C |
| 15.B | 16.F | 17.D | 18.C | 19.A | 20.G | 21.B |
| 22.C | 23.A | 24.D | 25.C | 26.A | 27.D | 28.A |
| 29.B | 30.C | 31.B | 32.B | 33.D | 34.A | 35.C |

第一部分　阅读

第一节

A

◎语篇解读　本文是一篇应用文,主要介绍美国加利福尼亚的国家历史性地标建筑赫斯特城堡的旅游项目。

1.C　细节理解题。依据Guided Tours部分中的Tour Four includes the impressive gardens and grounds, the largest guesthouse, the wine basement, and the Hidden Terrace.可知第四条旅游路线包括酒窖,故选C。

2.C　细节理解题。依据Ticket Prices部分中的价格表可知6—17岁门票半价,6岁以下免费,故这对夫妇只需购买2张成人票,故选C。

3.D　细节理解题。依据Reservation Call Center Hours部分月份与时间表的第一行3至9月的电话预订时间可知3月份周日的电话预订时间为8 am to 6 pm,故D项正确。

【高频词汇】　1.landmark n.地标, (标志重要阶段的)里程碑;有历史意义的建筑物(或遗址)　2.suite n.套房;一套家具

3.wine basement 酒窖　4.recreational vehicles 休闲车,房车

B

◎语篇解读　本文是一篇记叙文,讲述了作者去颐和园的一次经历。

4.D　细节理解题。由第一段第二句Before setting off, I researched into it on the Internet.可知作者在出发前上网了解了一些颐和园的情况,故选D。

5.A　词义猜测题。第二段第四句And in the Summer Palace, unlike most of other places, photography isn't allowed in most of the building.表明在这个建筑中的大部分地方拍照是不被允许的,故可以推测大多数的佛像和手工艺品是禁止用相机拍照的,所以A正确。

6.D　细节理解题。由第三段第一句中的for the Dowager Empress where she watched the opera and other theater items可知它是为皇室看歌剧等戏剧演出而创建的,故选D。

7.D　细节理解题。由最后一段第二句But I didn't see all of it because it was getting dark.可知因为天快黑了,作者没有看完颐和园的全部,not...all...表示部分否定,故选择D。

【高频词汇】　1.a place of interest 名胜古迹　2.be composed mostly of 主要由……组成　3.greenery n. 绿色植物

C

◎语篇解读　这是一篇说明文,介绍了世界上最孤独的马拉松比赛——自2005年以来每年3月的贝加尔湖畔的马拉松比赛。

8.B　细节理解题。由第二段第二句They come to explore the lake's breathtaking beauty and challenge themselves in unpredictable conditions.可知贝加尔湖有着令人叹为观止的美景和极端天气,结合第四段中的...but it's also harsh. Strong winds blast(猛吹) across the lake and frostbite can occur within half an hour.可知贝加尔湖的天气极寒,故选B。

9.D　细节理解题。由第六段第二句The finishing line is visible from the start, but the endless white offers no progress markers.可知贝加尔湖冰马拉松与其他马拉松的不同之处在于赛跑者从起跑线上就能看到终点。故选D。

10.D　细节理解题。由最后一段中的For some runners, the absence of spectators makes the race more challenging, because it's lonely.和You are alone on Baikal. It is your race. You are alone with yourself. All you need to do is to defeat yourself.可知Messina认为贝加尔湖冰马拉松比赛最具挑战性的部分在于孤独,故选D。

11.C　推理判断题。根据第五段中的When you are in such an environment, you don't have cars around you, and you don't have the noise around. I think these extreme races allow you to be alone with nature.可知这种极限比赛使人和自然独处;第六段最后一句Tourists crowding the ice are mostly addicted to snapping selfies(自拍照) and just ignore the runners.可知拥挤在冰上的游客大多沉迷于自拍,对跑步者视而不见;以及最后一段第一句For some runners, the absence of spectators makes the race more challenging, because it's lonely.可知对一些跑步者来说,没有观众让比赛更具挑战性,因为它是孤独的。综上,孤独的原因有三点。故选C。

【高频词汇】　1.the spotlight n.媒体和公众的注意

2.breathtaking adj. 令人叹为观止的;惊人的　3.unpredictable adj. 难以预料的　4.frostbite n.冻伤;冻疮　5.spectator n.(尤指体育比赛的)观看者,观众

id:2147486434;FounderCES

原句　Seen from above, a runner on the ice looks as if he or she were jogging through space.

句意　从上面看,在冰上赛跑的人看起来就像是在太空中慢跑。

分析　这是一个主从复合句,as if 意为“好像”,引导包含虚拟语气的表语从句,与现在事实相反时,谓语动词用一般过去时,be动词用were。

D

◎语篇解读　这是一篇说明文,主要讲述悉尼国家植物园遭受灰头狐蝠入侵并决定设法驱逐灰头狐蝠的事。

12.D　细节理解题。根据第二段最后一句 Branches have been breaking under the weight of these furry invaders and their droppings have been poisoning plants. 可知树枝被它们的体重压坏,植物受其毒害,因此要将它们驱逐出国家植物园,所以选D。

13.B　细节理解题。根据第三段中的...in the shape of the ordinary garbage bin. The Gardens' director Dr.Tim Entwistle hopes the unpleasant sounds of crashing bin lids will agitate the flying foxes and force them to move on 和The way to disturb them is to use noises可知驱逐蝙蝠的方式是制造其不能忍受的噪音,故B项正确。

14.C　词义猜测题。根据第三段第三句中的The way to disturb them is to use noises可知是利用噪音干扰,使其不能忍受而离开此地,所以C项正确。

15.B　推理判断题。由最后一段最后一句中的become someone else's problem可以推断当它们成了别人的问题,就只好再由别人处理,故B 项正确。

【高频词汇】　1.invade v.入侵　2.invader n.入侵者　3.furry adj.长毛的,毛茸茸的　4.droppings n.动物的粪便　5.in the shape of 以……形式　6.uproot v.将……连根拔起;(使)离开家园(或熟悉的地方等)

第二节

◎语篇解读　这是一篇说明文,介绍怎样更经济、节省地旅游。

16.F　根据小标题和关键词cashback和the commission 可知某些网站会将其本来会拿到的回扣返现给你,根据空后句It may not seem much, but over a week that could end up being close to $100.可知每次返现并不多,故F项合理。

17.D　根据空前句Cashback websites also work with car hire, travel insurance companies, and hundreds of other travel companies. 可知这些订票网站还和租车、旅行保险公司等合作,这些公司也会返现,所以这些钱加在一起就是很大一笔,故选择D项。

18.C　根据小标题以及空后的many pet owners offer their house to travelers in exchange for pet sitting可知很多房主以照顾宠物作为交换提供给游客住房,所以C符合逻辑。此外本题空后是逗号,句子并无连词,因此应选择不是整句的选项,那么只有C和E两项满足这个条件,而E项意思与本段相差甚远,故选择C项。

19.A　此空考查小标题,选项中只有A项和B项为祈使句,与其他小标题格式相同,根据本段高频词local 和第一句World traveler Brian Corsetti says an often overlooked way to save money is to strike up a conversation with a local.可知作者建议结识当地人,故A项正确。

20.G　由空后句中的Instead of going to a restaurant, you stop by the home of a local...into how the locals really live and eat.可知此处作者建议不要去饭店而要去当地人家里吃饭,故可知作者建议游客通过EatWith进行一次独特的国外之旅,这样既节省开支又可以体验当地人的饮食方式,故选择G项。

【高频词汇】　1.on the cheap 廉价地　2.cashback n.返现,返利

3.refer sb. to把某人交给,把某人介绍给　4.overlook v.忽视　5.strike up a conversation with sb.与某人交谈起来　6.one-of-a-kind adj.独一无二的

id:2147486441;FounderCES

原句　Instead of going to a restaurant, you stop by the home of a local, who will prepare traditional food for much less, giving you a glimpse into how the locals really live and eat.

句意　不要去饭店,而要顺路去一户当地人家,他们会以少很多的价钱准备传统的食物,同时使你体验当地人真正的生活饮食方式。

分析　这是一个主从复合句。Instead of going to a restaurant, you stop by the home of a local是主句;who引导非限制性定语从句,who作从句的主语,will prepare 是谓语,traditional food 是宾语,giving...作状语。

第二部分　语言运用

第一节

◎语篇解读　本文是一篇夹叙夹议文。小时候“我”随父亲和母亲以及“我”的姐妹开车旅行,在此过程中,“我”们学会了忍让以及和别人相处。这个颠簸的旅程是一所移动的大学,让“我”受益匪浅。

21.B　根据上文可知,“我”的父亲出生在美国的一个小镇上;结合该句中的“He wasn't sure what he wanted”以及下文叙述的他带着全家开车旅行可推知,那时他不确定想从生活中得到些什么,故B项正确。

22.C　根据该句中的“begin a new adventure”可推知,他得到启示,要他走出去,去开启新的冒险经历。C项意为“离开,从……出来”,故C项正确。A项意为“快乐地过日子”;B项意为“勉力维持”;D项意为“四处走动”。

23.A　根据该句中的“wherever the road”并结合语境可知,他带着妈妈和“我”们这三个女儿沿路旅行。A项表示“带去,引领”,符合语境,故A项正确。

24.D　根据该句中的“when you're on the road”和下文介绍的沿路交新朋友可推知,当你在路上时,很容易感到孤独(lonely)。

25.C　根据语境可知,由于“我”们经常花费时间在修理店,所以“我”们交的朋友大部分是修理工。

26.A　由于外面的温度达到40摄氏度,所以去修理店要比坐在马路边等候好得多。

27.D　根据下文中的“it was hard”并结合语境可知,友好相处有时似乎是不可能的(impossible)。

28.A　根据空后的“especially among us...in the middle”可知,“我”们之间总是有很多争吵,尤其是关于后座的“我”们谁坐(sit)在中间的问题。

29.B　根据该句中的“It should have been an hour's drive but was nearly three”可知,本可以在一小时就完成的路程,“我”们却花了三个小时;据此可推知,这里路况较差,交通拥堵,故B项正确。

30.C　根据语境可知,在上文提到的情况下,“我”们必须控制自己的怒气,因为“我”们和相同的人在接下来的旅程(journey)里一起被困在车里。be stuck in为固定搭配,意为“被困在……”,故C项正确。

31.B　参见上题解析。

32.B　根据该句中的“I kept my feelings to myself”可知,“我”控制住了自己的情绪;据此可推知,此处表示有时“我”想要打开车门将“我”的一个姐妹推出车外。push意为“推”,故B项正确。

33.D　根据该句中的“road trips”以及下文中的“We 　34　 our PhDs(博士学位)”可知,对于“我”们来说,公路旅行就像可移动的(mobile)大学。

34.A　根据语境可知,就在这辆旧汽车里,“我”们获得了如何和他人相处的博士学位。earn意为“博得,赢得”,故A项正确。

35.C　根据语境可知,如果“我”们能以某种方式在人生中获得第二次机会的话,“我”们还是会去旅行。somehow意为“以某种方式”,故C项正确。

【高频词汇】

1.adventure n.冒险,冒险经历　2.get along well 相处融洽

3.occasion n.时刻,时机;特别的事件

第二节

◎语篇解读　这是一篇说明文, 主要讲述日本的“太空世界主题公园”将5000条鱼冻入溜冰场并配有被评论为“不尊重生命的解说词”而引起的景点活动关闭事件。

36.attraction　考查词性转换。 attraction此处意为 “吸引人的地方,景点”。句意:位于日本东南的北九州市的太空世界主题公园在把5000条鱼冻入溜冰场之后不得不关闭了它的冬季景点。

37.which　考查非限制性定语从句。which指代先行词park,作定语从句的主语。句意:这个公园被称为“太空主题公园”,发起了一项名为“冰冻之港”的展览,试图让人们在滑冰的同时了解下面的海洋生物。

38.an　考查冠词。此处包含固定搭配in an attempt,意为“试图,企图”。

39.looking　考查非谓语动词。此处包括固定结构while+非谓语动词, looking是现在分词,表示和其主语之间是主动关系。

40.its　考查代词。its 意为“它的”,即“这个公园的”。句意:尽管据报道这个公园自2016年11月12日开放以来很受欢迎,但在社交媒体上也遭到激烈的批评。

41.while　考查连词。在while此处意为“而”。句意:“作为回应,有位评论者说这个公园不尊重生命,而另一位评论者说它表现了惊人的道德缺失。”设空处前后为对比关系。

42.surprising　考查词性转换。 形容词surprising意为“令人吃惊的”,作名词短语lack of morality的定语。

43.were　考查时态和主谓一致。此处主语the fish指上文中提过的5000条被冻在溜冰场下面的鱼,故谓语用复数形式,根据语篇事件时间背景和本句中的bought可知时态为一般过去时。

44.to be sold　考查非谓语动词。be unable to do sth.为固定结构,空前的they 指鱼,和sell 之间是被动关系, 所以用不定式的被动式。

45.as　考查介词。as 意为“作为……”, reuse them as fertilizer意为“把它们作为肥料二次利用”。句意:经理Toshimi Takeda说他们已经建议“为那些为我们辛苦工作的鱼举行一个追悼会”,然后把这些鱼作为肥料二次利用。

【高频词汇】　1.launch v.发起,发动　2.aquarium n.水族馆

3.impassioned criticism 激烈的批评　4.commenter n.评论者

5.in response 作为回应

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原句　Space World has decided to close the event and are considering holding an “appropriate religious service” once they have melted the rink—which could take over a week.

句意　“太空世界”已经决定关闭活动,并正在考虑一旦溜冰场融化,就举行一次适当的宗教仪式——溜冰场融化需要一周多的时间。

分析　 这是一个主从复合句,包含由once引导的时间状语从句和which引导的定语从句。

第三部分　写作

第一节

One possible version:

Dear manager,

I have been thoroughly impressed with the service I have received.

Firstly, I would like to express my sincere thanks to John, the tour guide from Green River Travel Agency, for his warm service along the journey. John is good at explaining things on the timetable, as well as some related information about the places that we went to. Secondly, the schedule for our one-day journey was thoughtfully arranged so that both my parents and I had a really wonderful time. We arrived at the destinations and saw the sights at a reasonable amount of time with great comfort. Besides, some annoying parts like forced-shopping were avoided, which saved much of our time. Last but not least, I would like to recommend Green River Travel Agency to my friends. It is with your great efforts that my parents and I can enjoy such a great day!

Thanks again.

Yours,

Li Hua

第二节

One possible version:

Paragraph 1:

After reading the diary, the son was filled with tears and began to reflect on the days when he used to sit together with his father. His father would patiently answer the same question all 23 times without feeling irritated while his father asked him the same question just four times! The boy thought to himself: if I attain old age, how will my son look at me? Will he think of me as a burden? Will he shout at me because of my poor sight, poor hearing or poor understanding?

Paragraph 2:

Feeling ashamed, the son got down on his knees before his father. He made an apology to his father, begging his father to forgive him for his bad behavior. He said this aloud, “I promise to see you happy forever, Dad. It is you who have cared for me ever since I was a little child, showing your selfless affection on me. You worked hard to make money so that I could afford to go to university. Now it's time for me to love you unconditionally and with my whole heart.”