

Part 4 Writing

应用文写作

写作题目

假设你和你的同学李明一起去锅炉房打开水,在回寝室的路上,李明的热水瓶突然破裂,开水烫伤了他的脚。于是你对他实施了必要的急救。请你结合此事,用英语写一篇 80 词左右的短文,向学校英文报 *Teens* 投稿,主要包括:

- 1.描述事故发生的经过;
- 2.你是如何实施急救的(冷水冲洗、送医院做进一步的处理);
- 3.简要谈谈你对掌握一定急救知识的重要性的认识。

参考词汇:锅炉房 boiler room

热水瓶 thermos bottle

思路点拨

主题	处理烫伤,实施急救	体裁	记叙文
人称	第一人称和第三人称	时态	以一般过去时为主
布局	第一部分:描述事故发生的经过; 第二部分:实施急救的措施;		

第三部分:介绍对掌握一定急救知识的重要性的认识。

遣词造句

I .用本单元所学单词或短语填空

1. _____ *n.& v.* 烧伤;烫伤
2. _____ *adj.* (身体部位) 肿起的; 肿胀的
3. _____ *adj.* 急救的
4. _____ *adj.* 切实可行的; 实际的; 实践的
5. _____ *vt.* 减轻; 缓解
6. _____ 急救
7. _____ 迅速把某人送往医院
8. _____ 立刻; 马上

答案 1.burn 2.swollen 3.first-aid 4.practical 5.ease 6.first aid 7.rush sb. to the hospital 8.right away/at once

II.本单元语块、语法运用

1.完成句子

(1) 烫伤非常严重。

The _____ was very severe.

(2) 皮肤又红又肿。

The skin was red and _____.

(3) 我设法保持镇静,并快速回想在急救课堂上学到的内容。

I managed to _____, and quickly recalled what I had learnt in my _____ class.

(4)我立即把他的脚放到流动的冷水下,以减轻疼痛。

I placed his feet under the _____
the pain.

(5)然后,我打电话叫了一辆出租车,迅速把他送往医院。

Afterwards, I called a taxi and _____.

(6)在医院里,他接受了进一步的治疗。

In the hospital, he received further _____.

(7)在那时我意识到基本的急救知识是多么重要和实用。

Then I was _____ of how important and _____ a basic _____ of
_____ was.

答案 (1)burn (2)swollen (3)remain calm;first-aid (4)cool running
water right away to ease

(5)rushed him to the hospital (6)treatment

(7)aware;practical;knowledge;first aid

2.句式升级

(8)将句(1)和句(2)合并为含有“so...that...”结构的句子

(9)将句(3)升级为含有现在分词作伴随状语的句子

(10)将句(5)和句(6)合并为含有 where 引导的定语从句的句子

(11)将句(7)升级为“only+状语”放在句首的倒装句

答案 (8)The burn was so severe that the skin was red and swollen.

(9)I managed to remain calm, quickly recalling what I had learnt in my first-aid class.

(10)Afterwards, I called a taxi and rushed him to the hospital where he received further treatment.

(11)Only then was I aware of how important and practical a basic knowledge of first aid was.

连句成篇

参考范文

One day, Li Ming and I were walking back to the dorm from the boiler room when suddenly his thermos bottle burst and the boiling water caused injuries to his feet. The burn was so severe that the skin was red and swollen. However, I managed to remain calm, quickly recalling what I had learnt in my first-aid class. I placed his feet under the cool running

water right away to ease the pain. Afterwards, I called a taxi and rushed him to the hospital where he received further treatment.

Only then was I aware of how important and practical a basic knowledge of first aid was.

■写作积累

1.描述事件发生的过程

①时间状语: at that time;right then;suddenly;all of a sudden;all at once;abruptly;then;afterwards;soon after...

②sb. was doing sth. when...某人正在做某事这时.....

sb. had just done sth. when...某人刚做完某事这时.....

sb. was about to do sth. when...某人正要做某事这时.....

2.实施急救的表达方式

①Bleeding:

Try to stop the bleeding.

Press a handkerchief onto the bleeding point and hold it there.

Hold up the part of the body which is bleeding if possible.

②Sprain(扭伤):

It is better to avoid walking with the injured ankle.

It is correct to use an ice pack for removing the pain.

③Choke:

Make him/her spit(吐出) it out by slapping him/her on the back.

To avoid this, we shouldn't talk or laugh when eating.

④A broken arm:

Do not move the injured.

Call an ambulance at once.

Treat the injured for shock if necessary.

⑤Nosebleed:

Stay calm.

Breathe through the mouth, not the nose.

Sit up and bend the head slightly forward.

Pinch(捏) both nostrils(鼻孔) together using the thumb and forefinger.

Spit out any blood that collects in the mouth.

 实战演练

(2021 江西南昌市八一中学高二上期中,★★)

请根据以下提示写一篇 80 词左右的短文,投递到学校英文报 *Youth*,简要介绍一下遇到心脏病发作(heart attack)等突发(seizure)状况时应该采取什么样的措施。题目:First Aid for Seizures

急救过程中的注意事项:

1.把附近的危险物体移开以免受到伤害,不要移动病人,除非他们处于危险中。

2.把病人的头部用垫子(cushion) 垫起来,等疾病发作结束后帮助病人呼吸。

3.如果病情发作持续 5 分钟以上,打电话叫救护车。

答案全解全析

Part 4 Writing

实战演练

应用文写作

One possible version:

First Aid for Seizures

In our daily life, we sometimes come across a number of cases where people suffer from heart attacks or fall ill suddenly. The following are some tips we can follow to help these people on urgent occasions.

Firstly, remove nearby objects to prevent the person from being further hurt. Don't try to move the person unless he is in danger. Secondly, support his head with a cushion and aid him in breathing once the seizure stops. Thirdly, bear in mind that if the seizure continues for more than five minutes, you should call an ambulance immediately.